

## **Specialized Knowledge**

This category addresses what students in *any* specialization or major field of study should demonstrate with respect to that specialization. Tuning, a field-specific effort to map learning outcomes, is necessary to describe the concepts, knowledge areas and accomplishments that students in a *particular* specialization should demonstrate to earn the degree.

#### At the associate level, the student

Describes the scope of the field of study, its core theories and practices, using field-related terminology, and offers a similar description of at least one related field.

Applies tools, technologies and methods common to the field of study to selected questions or problems.

Generates substantially error-free products, reconstructions, data, juried exhibits or performances appropriate to the field of study.

#### At the bachelor's level, the studen

Defines and explains the structure, styles and practices of the field of study using its tools, technologies, methods and specialized terms.

Investigates a familiar but complex problem in the field of study by assembling, arranging and reformulating ideas, concepts, designs and techniques.

Frames, clarifies and evaluates a complex challenge that bridges the field of study and one other field, using theories, tools, methods and scholarship from those fields to produce independently or collaboratively an investigative, creative or practical work illuminating that challenge.

Constructs a summative project, paper, performance or application that draws on current research, scholarship and techniques in the field of study.

#### At the master's level, the student

Elucidates the major theories, research methods and approaches to inquiry and schools of practice in the field of study, articulates their sources and illustrates both their applications and their relationships to allied fields of study.

Assesses the contributions of major figures and organizations in the field of study, describes its major methodologies and practices and illustrates them through projects, papers, exhibits or performances.

Articulates significant challenges involved in practicing the field of study, elucidates its leading edges and explores the current limits of theory, knowledge and practice through a project that lies outside conventional boundaries.



## **Broad and Integrative Knowledge**

This category asks students at all three degree levels to consolidate learning from different broad fields of study (e.g., the humanities, arts, sciences and social sciences) and to discover and explore concepts and questions that bridge these essential areas of learning.

#### At the associate level, the student

Describes how existing knowledge or practice is advanced, tested and revised in each core field studied — e.g., disciplinary and interdisciplinary courses in the sciences, social sciences, humanities and arts.

Describes a key debate or problem relevant to each core field studied, explains the significance of the debate or problem to the wider society and shows how concepts from the core field can be used to address the selected debates or problems.

Uses recognized methods of each core field studied, including the gathering and evaluation of evidence, in the execution of analytical, practical or creative tasks.

Describes and evaluates the ways in which at least two fields of study define, address and interpret the importance for society of a problem in science, the arts, society, human services, economic life or technology.

#### At the bachelor's level, the student

Describes and evaluates the ways in which at least two fields of study define, address and interpret the importance for society of a problem in science, the arts, society, human services, economic life or technology. Explains how the methods of inquiry in these fields can address the challenge and proposes an approach to the problem that draws on these fields.

Produces an investigative, creative or practical work that draws on specific theories, tools and methods from at least two core fields of study.

Defines and frames a problem important to the major field of study, justifies the significance of the challenge or problem in a wider societal context, explains how methods from the primary field of study and one or more core fields of study can be used to address the problem, and develops an approach that draws on both the major and core fields.

#### At the master's level, the student

Articulates how the field of study has developed in relation to other major domains of inquiry and practice.

Designs and executes an applied, investigative or creative work that draws on the perspectives and methods of other fields of study and assesses the resulting advantages and challenges of including these perspectives and methods.

Articulates and defends the significance and implications of the work in the primary field of study in terms of challenges and trends in a social or global context.

#### **Intellectual Skills** This category includes both traditional and nontraditional cognitive skills: analytic inquiry, use of information resources, engaging diverse perspectives, ethical reasoning, quantitative fluency and communicative fluency. Throughout, the DQP emphasizes that students should confront and interpret ideas and arguments from different points of reference (e.g., cultural, technological, political). At the associate level, the student At the bachelor's level, the student Analytic Disaggregates, reformulates and adapts principal Identifies and frames a problem or question in Differentiates and evaluates theories and approaches inquiry selected areas of study and distinguishes among to selected complex problems within the chosen field ideas, techniques or methods at the forefront of the elements of ideas, concepts, theories or practical of study and at least one other field. field of study in carrying out an essay or project. approaches to the problem or question. Locates, evaluates, incorporates and properly cites Identifies, categorizes, evaluates and cites multiple Provides evidence (through papers, projects, information resources so as to create projects, papers or multiple information resources in different media or notebooks, computer files or catalogues) of Use of performances in either a specialized field of study or with different languages in projects, papers or performances. contributing to, expanding, evaluating or refining the respect to a general theme within the arts and sciences. information base within the field of study. information Generates information through independent or resources collaborative inquiry and uses that information in a project, paper or performance. Describes how knowledge from different cultural Constructs a written project, laboratory report, Investigates through a project, paper or performance perspectives might affect interpretations of exhibit, performance or community service design a core issue in the field of study from the perspective prominent problems in politics, society, the arts and expressing an alternate cultural, political or of a different point in time or a different culture. alobal relations. technological vision and explains how this vision language, political order or technological context and differs from current realities. explains how this perspective yields results that Engaging Describes, explains and evaluates the sources of depart from current norms, dominant cultural diverse Frames a controversy or problem within the field of his/her own perspective on selected issues in culture, assumptions or technologies. perspectives society, politics, the arts or global relations and study in terms of at least two political, cultural, compares that perspective with other views. historical or technological forces, explores and evaluates competing perspectives on the controversy or problem, and presents a reasoned analysis of the issue, either orally or in writing, that demonstrates consideration of the competing views. Describes the ethical issues present in prominent Analyzes competing claims from a recent discovery, Articulates and challenges a tradition, assumption or problems in politics, economics, health care, scientific contention or technical practice with respect prevailing practice within the field of study by raising technology or the arts and shows how ethical to benefits and harms to those affected, articulates and examining relevant ethical perspectives through a the ethical dilemmas inherent in the tension of principles or frameworks help to inform decision project, paper or performance. making with respect to such problems. benefits and harms, and either (a) arrives at a clearly Distinguishes human activities and judgments expressed reconciliation of that tension that is particularly subject to ethical reasoning from those informed by ethical principles or (b) explains why **Ethical** less subject to ethical reasoning. such a reconciliation cannot be accomplished. reasoning Identifies and elaborates key ethical issues present in at least one prominent social or cultural problem, articulates the ways in which at least two differing ethical perspectives influence decision making concerning those problems, and develops and defends an approach to address the ethical issue productively. Translates verbal problems into mathematical Presents accurate interpretations of quantitative Uses logical, mathematical or statistical methods information on political, economic, health-related or algorithms so as to construct valid arguments using appropriate to addressing a topic or issue in a primary technological topics and explains how both the accepted symbolic system of mathematical field that is not for the most part quantitatively based. calculations and symbolic operations are used in reasoning and presents the resulting calculations, those offerings. estimates, risk analyses or quantitative evaluations of Articulates and undertakes multiple appropriate Quantitative public information in papers, projects or multimedia applications of quantitative methods, concepts and fluency Creates and explains graphs or other visual presentations. theories in a field of study that is quantitatively based. depictions of trends, relationships or changes in status. Constructs mathematical expressions where Identifies, chooses and defends the choice of a appropriate for issues initially described in mathematical model appropriate to a problem in the non-quantitative terms. social sciences or applied sciences. Develops and presents cogent, coherent and Constructs sustained, coherent arguments, narratives Creates sustained, coherent arguments or substantially error-free writing for communication to or explications of issues, problems or technical issues explanations summarizing his/her work or that of general and specialized audiences. and processes, in writing and at least one other collaborators in two or more media or languages for both general and specialized audiences. medium, to general and specific audiences. Demonstrates effective interactive communication Communicative through discussion, i.e., by listening actively and Conducts an inquiry concerning information, conditions, responding constructively and through structured oral technologies or practices in the field of study that fluency presentations to general and specialized audiences. makes substantive use of non-English-language sources. Negotiates with peers an action plan for a practical Negotiates with one or more collaborators to advance task and communicates the results of the negotiation an oral argument or articulate an approach to

resolving a social, personal or ethical dilemma.

either orally or in writing.



# **Applied and Collaborative Learning**

This category emphasizes what students can *do* with what they know. Students are asked to demonstrate their learning by addressing unscripted problems in scholarly inquiry, at work and in other settings outside the classroom. This category includes research and creative activities involving both individual and group effort and may include practical skills crucial to the application of expertise.

#### At the associate level, the student

# Describes in writing at least one case in which knowledge and skills acquired in academic settings may be applied to a field-based challenge, and evaluates the learning gained from the application.

Analyzes at least one significant concept or method in the field of study in light of learning outside the classroom

Locates, gathers and organizes evidence regarding a question in a field-based venue beyond formal academic study and offers alternate approaches to answering it.

Demonstrates the exercise of any practical skills crucial to the application of expertise.

#### At the bachelor's level, the student

# Prepares and presents a project, paper, exhibit, performance or other appropriate demonstration linking knowledge or skills acquired in work, community or research activities with knowledge acquired in one or more fields of study, explains how those elements are structured, and employs appropriate citations to demonstrate the relationship of the product to literature in the field

Negotiates a strategy for group research or performance, documents the strategy so that others may understand it, implements the strategy, and communicates the results.

Writes a design, review or illustrative application for an analysis or case study in a scientific, technical, economic, business, health, education or communications context

Completes a substantial project that evaluates a significant question in the student's field of study, including an analytic narrative of the effects of learning outside the classroom on the research or practical skills employed in executing the project.

#### At the master's level, the student

Creates a project, paper, exhibit, performance or other appropriate demonstration reflecting the integration of knowledge acquired in practicum, work, community or research activities with knowledge and skills gleaned from at least two fields of study in different segments of the curriculum. Articulates the ways in which the two sources of knowledge influenced the result.

Designs and implements a project or performance in an out-of-class setting that requires the application of advanced knowledge gained in the field of study to a practical challenge, articulates in writing or another medium the insights gained from this experience, and assesses (with appropriate citations) approaches, scholarly debates or standards for professional performance applicable to the challenge.



# **Civic and Global Learning**

This category recognizes higher education's responsibilities both to democracy and the global community. Students must demonstrate integration of their knowledge and skills by engaging with and responding to civic, social, environmental and economic challenges at local, national and global levels.

#### At the associate level, the student

# Describes his/her own civic and cultural background, including its origins and development, assumptions and predispositions.

Describes diverse positions, historical and contemporary, on selected democratic values or practices, and presents his or her own position on a specific problem where one or more of these values or practices are involved.

Provides evidence of participation in a community project through either a spoken or written narrative that identifies the civic issues encountered and personal insights gained from this experience.

Identifies an economic, environmental or public health challenge spanning countries, continents or cultures, presents evidence for the challenge, and takes a position on it.

#### At the bachelor's level, the student

Explains diverse positions, including those representing different cultural, economic and geographic interests, on a contested public issue, and evaluates the issue in light of both those interests and evidence drawn from journalism and scholarship.

Develops and justifies a position on a public issue and relates this position to alternate views held by the public or within the policy environment.

Collaborates with others in developing and implementing an approach to a civic issue, evaluates the strengths and weaknesses of the process, and, where applicable, describes the result.

Identifies a significant issue affecting countries, continents or cultures, presents quantitative evidence of that challenge through tables and graphs, and evaluates the activities of either non-governmental organizations or cooperative inter-governmental initiatives in addressing that issue.

#### At the master's level, the student

Assesses and develops a position on a public policy question with significance in the field of study, taking into account both scholarship and published or electronically posted positions and narratives of relevant interest groups.

Develops a formal proposal, real or hypothetical, to a non-governmental organization addressing a global challenge in the field of study that the student believes has not been adequately addressed.

Proposes a path to resolution of a problem in the field of study that is complicated by competing national interests or by rival interests within a nation other than the U.S.